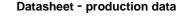


# LD2985

## Very low drop and low noise voltage regulator with inhibit function



to 30  $\mu$ Vrms. Typical application are in cellular phone, palmtop laptop computer, personal digital assistant (PDA), personal stereo, camcorder and camera.

#### Table 1. Device summary

Order codes	Output voltages
LD2985BM18R	1.8 V
LD2985BM25R	2.5 V
LD2985BM28R	2.8 V
LD2985BM30R	3.0 V
LD2985BM31R	3.1 V
LD2985BM33R	3.3 V
LD2985BM50R	5.0 V



## Features

- Very low dropout voltage (280 mV at 150 mA and 7 mV at 1 mA load)
- Very low quiescent current (2 mA typ. at 150 mA load and 80 μA at no load)
- Output current up to 150 mA
- Logic controlled electronic shutdown
- Output voltage of 1.8, 2.5, 2.8, 3, 3.1, 3.3, 5 V
- Internal current and thermal limit
- Low output noise voltage 30 mVrms
- Small package SOT23-5L
- Temperature range: 40°C to 125 °C

## Description

The LD2985 is a 150 mA fixed output voltage regulator. The ultra low drop voltage and the low quiescent current make them particularly suitable for low noise, low power applications, and in battery powered systems. In sleep mode quiescent current is less than 1  $\mu$ A when INHIBIT pin is pulled low. Shutdown logic control function is available on pin 3 (TTL compatible). This means that when the device is used as local regulator, it is possible to put a part of the board in standby, decreasing the total power consumption. An external capacitor, C<sub>BYP</sub> = 10 nF, connected between bypass pin and GND reduces the noise

November 2013

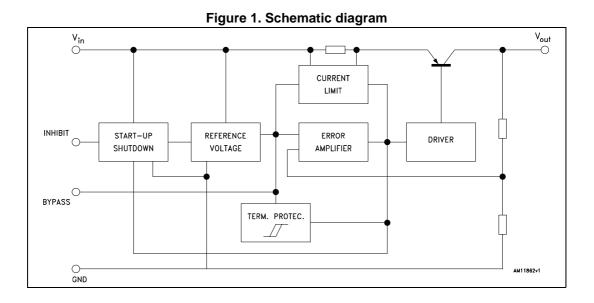
This is information on a product in full production.

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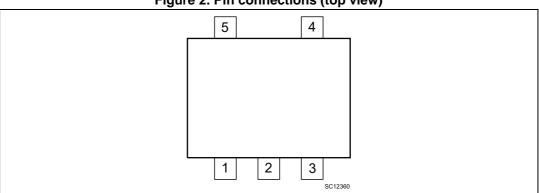


# 1 Diagram





#### **Pin configuration** 2



## Figure 2. Pin connections (top view)

#### Table 2. Pin description

Pin n°	Symbol	Name and function
1	IN	Input port
2	GND	Ground pin
3	INHIBIT	Control switch ON/OFF. Inhibit is not internally pulled-up; it cannot be left floating. Disable the device when connected to GND or to a positive voltage less than 0.18 V
4	Bypass	Bypass pin: capacitor to be connected to GND in order to improve the thermal noise performances
5	OUT	Output port

#### Table 3. Thermal data

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
R <sub>thJC</sub> Thermal resistance junction-case		81	°C/W
R <sub>thJA</sub>			°C/W



# 3 Maximum ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
VI	DC input voltage	16	V
V <sub>INH</sub>	INHIBIT input voltage	16	V
Ι <sub>Ο</sub>	Output current	Internally limited	
PD	Power dissipation	Internally limited	
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage temperature range	-65 to 150	°C
Τ <sub>ΟΡ</sub>	Operating junction temperature range	-40 to 125	°C

### Table 4. Absolute maximum ratings

Note: Absolute maximum ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur. Functional operation under these condition is not implied.



# 4 Electrical characteristics

 $T_J$  = 25 °C,  $V_I$  =  $V_O$  + 1 V,  $I_O$  = 50 mA,  $V_{INH}$  = 2 V,  $C_I$  =  $C_O$  = 1  $\mu F$ , unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>OP</sub>	Operating input voltage		2.5		16	V
		V <sub>1</sub> = 2.5 V	1.463	1.5	1.537	
Vo	Output voltage	I <sub>O</sub> = 1 to 150 mA	1.455		1.545	V
		$I_{O} = 1$ to 150 mA, $T_{J} = -40$ to 125 °C	1.440		1.560	
		V <sub>1</sub> = 2.8 V	1.755	1.8	1.845	
Vo	Output voltage	I <sub>O</sub> = 1 to 150 mA	1.746		1.854	V
		$I_{\rm O}$ = 1 to 150 mA, $T_{\rm J}$ = -40 to 125 °C	1.728		1.872	
		V <sub>1</sub> = 3.5 V	2.437	2.5	2.562	
Vo	Output voltage	I <sub>O</sub> = 1 to 150 mA	2.425		2.575	V
		$I_{\rm O}$ = 1 to 150 mA, $T_{\rm J}$ = -40 to 125 °C	2.4		2.6	
		V <sub>1</sub> = 3.5 V	2.633	2.7	2.767	
Vo	Output voltage	I <sub>O</sub> = 1 to 150 mA	2.619		2.781	V
		$I_{\rm O}$ = 1 to 150 mA, $T_{\rm J}$ = -40 to 125 °C	2.592		2.808	
		V <sub>1</sub> = 3.8 V	2.73	2.8	2.87	
Vo	Output voltage	I <sub>O</sub> = 1 to 150 mA	2.716		2.884	V
		$I_{O} = 1$ to 150 mA, $T_{J} = -40$ to 125 °C	2.688		2.912	
		V <sub>1</sub> = 3.85 V	2.779	2.85	2.921	V
Vo	Output voltage	I <sub>O</sub> = 1 to 150 mA	2.764		2.935	
		$I_{\rm O}$ = 1 to 150 mA, $T_{\rm J}$ = -40 to 125 °C	2.736		2.964	
		V <sub>1</sub> = 4.0 V	2.925	3.0	3.075	
Vo	Output voltage	I <sub>O</sub> = 1 to 150 mA	2.91		3.09	V
		$I_{O} = 1$ to 150 mA, $T_{J} = -40$ to 125 °C	2.88		3.12	
		V <sub>1</sub> = 4.1 V	3.023	3.1	3.177	
Vo	Output voltage	I <sub>O</sub> = 1 to 150 mA	3.007		3.193	V
		$I_{O} = 1$ to 150 mA, $T_{J} = -40$ to 125 °C	2.976		3.224	
V <sub>O</sub>		V <sub>1</sub> = 4.2 V	3.120	3.2	3.28	
	Output voltage	I <sub>O</sub> = 1 to 150 mA	3.104		3.296	V
		$I_{O} = 1$ to 150 mA, $T_{J} = -40$ to 125 °C	3.072		3.328	
		V <sub>1</sub> = 4.3 V	3.218	3.3	3.382	
Vo	Output voltage	I <sub>O</sub> = 1 to 150 mA	3.201		3.399	V
		$I_{O} = 1$ to 150 mA, $T_{J} = -40$ to 125 °C	3.168		3.432	

 Table 5. Electrical characteristics



Symbol	Parameter	e 5. Electrical characteristics (contin Test conditions	, Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
		V <sub>I</sub> = 4.5 V	3.413	3.5	3.587	
Vo	Output voltage	I <sub>O</sub> = 1 to 150 mA	3.395		3.605	V
		$I_{O}$ = 1 to 150 mA, $T_{J}$ = -40 to 125 °C	3.360		3.640	
		V <sub>1</sub> = 4.6 V	3.51	3.6	3.69	
Vo	Output voltage	I <sub>O</sub> = 1 to 150 mA	3.492		3.708	V
		$I_{O}$ = 1 to 150 mA, $T_{J}$ = -40 to 125 °C	3.456		3.744	
		V <sub>1</sub> = 4.8 V	3.705	3.8	3.895	
Vo	Output voltage	I <sub>O</sub> = 1 to 150 mA	3.686		3.914	V
		$I_{O}$ = 1 to 150 mA, $T_{J}$ = -40 to 125 °C	3.648		3.952	
		V <sub>1</sub> = 5.0 V	3.900	4	4.100	
Vo	Output voltage	I <sub>O</sub> = 1 to 150 mA	3.88		4.12	V
		$I_{O}$ = 1 to 150 mA, $T_{J}$ = -40 to 125 °C	3.84		4.16	
		V <sub>1</sub> = 5.7 V	4.583	4.7	4.817	
Vo	Output voltage	I <sub>O</sub> = 1 to 150 mA	4.559		4.841	V
		$I_{O}$ = 1 to 150 mA, $T_{J}$ = -40 to 125 °C	4.512		4.888	
		V <sub>I</sub> = 6.0 V	4.875	5	5.125	V
Vo	Output voltage	I <sub>O</sub> = 1 to 150 mA	4.85		5.15	
		$I_{O} = 1$ to 150 mA, $T_{J} = -40$ to 125 °C	4.8		5.2	
I <sub>SC</sub>	Short circuit current	$R_L = 0$		400		mA
		$V_{I} = V_{O} + 1 V$ to 16 V, $I_{O} = 1 mA$		0.003	0.014	
$\Delta V_{O} / \Delta V_{I}$	Line regulation	$V_{I} = V_{O} + 1 V \text{ to } 16 V, I_{O} = 1 \text{ mA},$ $T_{J} = -40 \text{ to } 125 \text{ °C}$			0.032	%/V <sub>I</sub>
		I <sub>O</sub> = 0		1	3	
		$I_{O} = 0, T_{J} = -40$ to 125 °C			5	
V		I <sub>O</sub> = 1 mA		7	10	
		$I_{O}$ = 1 mA, $T_{J}$ = -40 to 125 °C			15	
	Dropout voltage	I <sub>O</sub> = 10 mA		40	60	mV
V <sub>DROP</sub>	Dropout voltage	$I_{O}$ = 10 mA, $T_{J}$ = -40 to 125 °C			90	
		I <sub>O</sub> = 50 mA		120	150	
		$I_{O} = 50 \text{ mA}, \text{ T}_{J} = -40 \text{ to } 125 \text{ °C}$			225	
		I <sub>O</sub> = 150 mA		280	350	
		I <sub>O</sub> = 150 mA, T <sub>J</sub> = -40 to 125 °C			575	



#### **Electrical characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
		I <sub>O</sub> = 0		80	100		
		$I_{O} = 0, T_{J} = -40$ to 125 °C			150		
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1 mA		100	150		
		$I_{O} = 1 \text{ mA}, T_{J} = -40 \text{ to } 125 \text{ °C}$			200		
	Quiescent current	I <sub>O</sub> = 10 mA		200	300		
	ON MODE	$I_{O} = 10 \text{ mA}, T_{J} = -40 \text{ to } 125 \text{ °C}$			400		
۱ <sub>Q</sub>		I <sub>O</sub> = 50 mA		600	900	μA	
		$I_{O} = 50 \text{ mA}, T_{J} = -40 \text{ to } 125 \text{ °C}$			1200		
		I <sub>O</sub> = 150 mA		2000	3000		
		I <sub>O</sub> = 150 mA, T <sub>J</sub> = -40 to 125 °C			4000		
	OFF MODE	V <sub>INH</sub> <0.18 V		0			
		V <sub>INH</sub> <0.18 V, T <sub>J</sub> = -40 to 125 °C			2		
SVR	Supply voltage rejection	C <sub>BYP</sub> = 0.01 μF, C <sub>O</sub> = 10 μF, f = 1 kHz		45		dB	
V <sub>IL</sub>	Inhibit input logic low	T <sub>J</sub> = -40 to 125 °C			0.15	V	
V <sub>IH</sub>	Inhibit input logic high	T <sub>J</sub> = -40 to 125 °C	2			V	
	Inhibit input ourrent	$V_{INH} = 0 \text{ V}, \text{ T}_{J} = -40 \text{ to } 125 ^{\circ}\text{C}$		5	15		
I <sub>INH</sub>	Inhibit input current	$V_{INH} = 5 \text{ V}, \text{ T}_{J} = -40 \text{ to } 125 ^{\circ}\text{C}$		0	-1	μA	
e <sub>N</sub>	Output noise voltage	B = 300 Hz to 50 kHz, $C_{BYP}$ = 0.01 µF, $C_{O}$ = 10 µF		30		μV	

Table 5. Electrical characteristics (	continued)
---------------------------------------	------------



## 5 Typical characteristics

T<sub>J</sub> = 25 °C, V<sub>I</sub> = V<sub>O(NOM)</sub> +1 V, C<sub>I</sub> = 1  $\mu$ F(X7R), C<sub>O</sub> = 2.2  $\mu$ F(X7R), V<sub>INH</sub> = 2 V, unless otherwise specified.

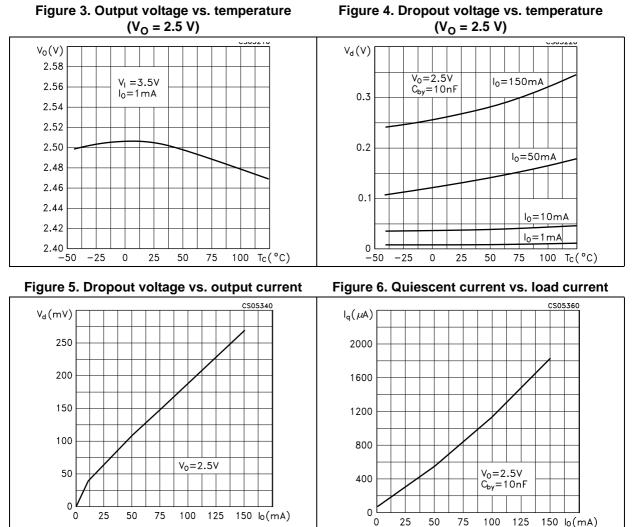




Figure 7. Quiescent current vs. temperature

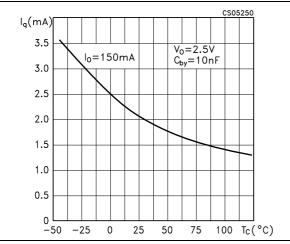


Figure 9. Supply voltage rejection vs. output current ( $C_0 = 10 \mu F$ )

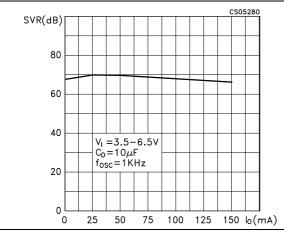


Figure 11. Supply voltage rejection vs. frequency ( $C_0 = 10 \ \mu F$ )

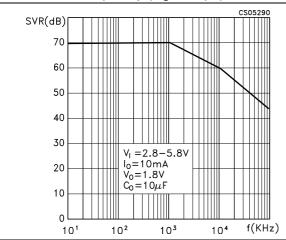


Figure 8. Supply voltage rejection vs. temp.

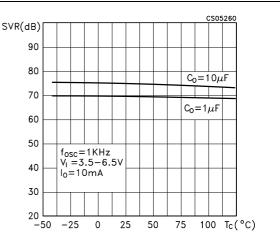


Figure 10. Supply voltage rejection vs. output current (C<sub>0</sub> = 1  $\mu$ F)

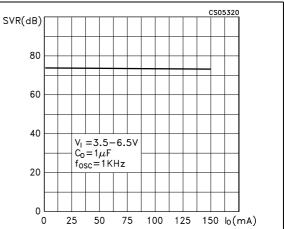
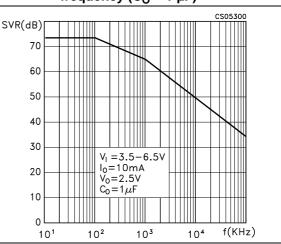


Figure 12. Supply voltage rejection vs. frequency ( $C_0 = 1 \mu F$ )



57

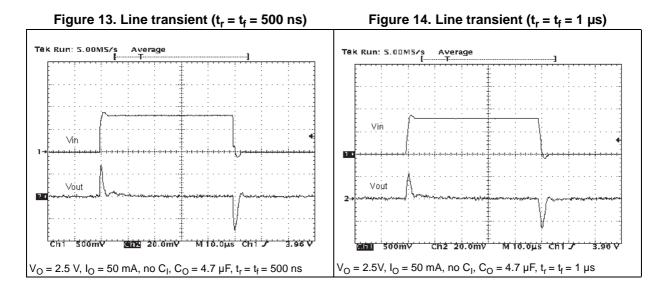
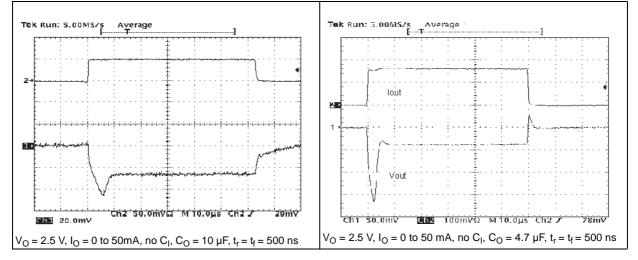


Figure 15. Load transient ( $C_0 = 10 \ \mu F$ )







## 6 Application notes

### 6.1 External capacitors

Like any low-dropout regulator, the LD2985 requires external capacitors for regulator stability. This capacitor must be selected to meet the requirements of minimum capacitance and equivalent series resistance. We suggest to solder input and output capacitors as close as possible to the relative pins.

### 6.2 Input capacitor

An input capacitor whose value is 1  $\mu$ F is required with the LD2985 (amount of capacitance can be increased without limit). This capacitor must be located a distance of not more than 0.5" from the input pin of the device and returned to a clean analog ground. Any good quality ceramic, tantalum or film capacitors can be used for this capacitor.

## 6.3 Output capacitor

The LD2985 is designed specifically to work with ceramic output capacitors. It may also be possible to use Tantalum capacitors, but these are not as attractive for reasons of size and cost. By the way, the output capacitor must meet both the requirement for minimum amount of capacitance and ESR (equivalent series resistance) value. Due to the different loop gain, the stability improves for higher output versions and so the suggested minimum output capacitor value, if low ESR ceramic type is used, is 1  $\mu$ F for output voltages equal or major than 3.8 V, 2.2  $\mu$ F for V<sub>O</sub> going from 1.8 to 3.3 V, and 3.3  $\mu$ F for the other versions. However, if an output capacitor lower than the suggested one is used, it's possible to make stable the regulator adding a resistor in series to the capacitor.

## 6.4 Important

The output capacitor must maintain its ESR in the stable region over the full operating temperature to assure stability. Also, capacitor tolerance and variation with temperature must be considered to assure the minimum amount of capacitance is provided at all times. This capacitor should be located not more than 0.5" from the output pin of the device and returned to a clean analog ground.

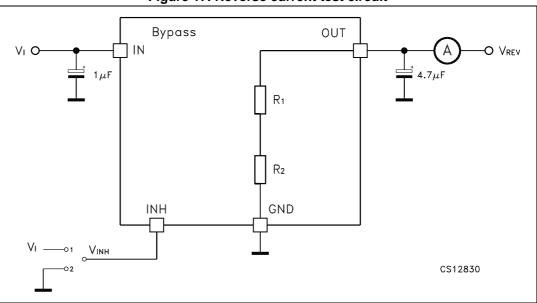
## 6.5 Inhibit input operation

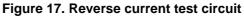
The inhibit pin can be used to turn OFF the regulator when pulled low, so drastically reducing the current consumption down to less than 1  $\mu$ A. When the inhibit feature is not used, this pin must be tied to V<sub>I</sub> to keep the regulator output ON at all times. To assure proper operation, the signal source used to drive the inhibit pin must be able to swing above and below the specified thresholds listed in the electrical characteristics section under V<sub>IH</sub> V<sub>IL</sub>. Any slew rate can be used to drive the inhibit.



### 6.6 Reverse current

The power transistor used in the LD2985 has not an inherent diode connected between the regulator input and output. If the output is forced above the input, no current will flow from the output to the input across the series pass transistor. When a V<sub>REV</sub> voltage is applied on the output, the reverse current measured flows to the GND across the two feedback resistors. This current typical value is 160  $\mu$ A. R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub> resistors are implanted type; typical values are, respectively, 42.6 k $\Omega$  and 51.150 k $\Omega$ .







## 7 Package mechanical data

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in different grades of ECOPACK® packages, depending on their level of environmental compliance. ECOPACK® specifications, grade definitions and product status are available at: www.st.com. ECOPACK® is an ST trademark.

Dim.		mm			
	Min.	Тур.	Max.		
A	0.90		1.45		
A1	0		0.15		
A2	0.90		1.30		
b	0.30		0.50		
С	2.09		0.20		
D		2.95			
E		1.60			
e		0.95			
н		2.80			
L	0.30		0.60		
θ	0		8		

Table 6. SOT23-5L mechanical data





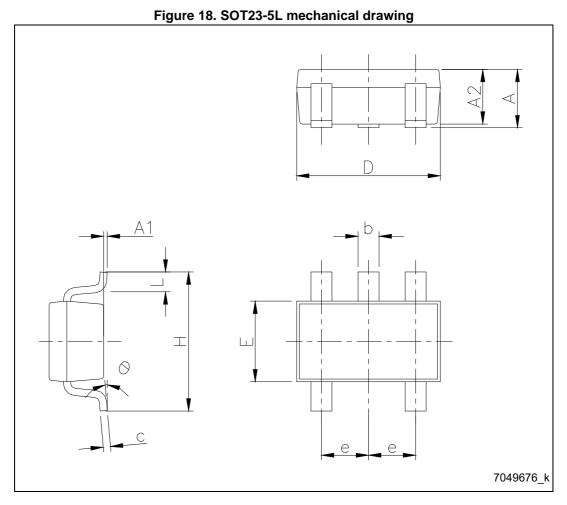
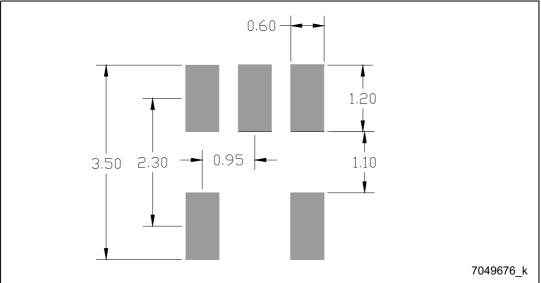


Figure 19. SOT23-5L recommended footprint (dimensions in mm)



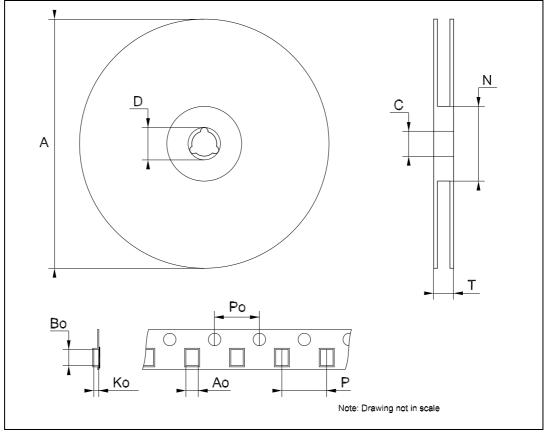


# 8 Packaging mechanical data

Dim		mm		
Dim.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
А			180	
С	12.8	13.0	13.2	
D	20.2			
Ν	60			
Т			14.4	
Ao	3.13	3.23	3.33	
Во	3.07	3.17	3.27	
Ко	1.27	1.37	1.47	
Po	3.9	4.0	4.1	
Р	3.9	4.0	4.1	

Table 7	Tape and ree	I SOT23-51	mechanical data
	. Tape and ree	1 00 1 ZJ-JL	meenamear uala





# 9 Revision history

Date	Revision	Changes	
22-Aug-2005	4	Add new value $V_0 ==> 2.7 V$ on tables 5 and 6.	
02-Sep-2005	5	Mistake V <sub>O</sub> min. ==> 2.7 V on table 5.	
25-Jul-2006	6	Order codes updated.	
13-Feb-2008	7	Added: Table 1 on page 1.	
04-Mar-2008	8	Modified: Table 5 on page 6.	
10-Jul-2008	9	Modified: Table 1 on page 1 and Table 5 on page 6.	
27-Aug-2008	10	Modified: Features on page 1.	
27-Jan-2009	11	Modified: Features on page 1.	
09-Feb-2012	12	Modified: pin inhibit <i>Figure 1 on page 3</i> . Removed: order codes and electrical characteristics table for type A.	
12-Nov-2013	13	RPN LD2985Bxx changed to LD2985. Updated the Title and the Description in cover page. Modified <i>Table 1: Device summary</i> , the title of the <i>Figure 3: Output voltage vs.</i> <i>temperature (VO = 2.5 V)</i> and <i>Section 7: Package mechanical data</i> Added <i>Section 8: Packaging mechanical data</i> Minor text changes.	



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